

(75)

~~M=1~~ ~~decoupled~~ ~~68M~~ ~~77N25~~ ~~77N25~~ ~~77N25~~

$$u = u_{eq} + u - u_{eq}$$

$$\dot{z} + \alpha z = \alpha u = \alpha u_{eq} + \alpha(u - u_{eq})$$

$$(z - u_{eq})' + \alpha(z - u_{eq}) = -\dot{u}_{eq} + \alpha(u - u_{eq})$$

w = z - u_{eq} | No

$$\dot{w} + \alpha w = -\dot{u}_{eq} + \alpha(u - u_{eq})$$

$$w(t) = e^{-\alpha t} w(0) + w_a(t) + w_b(t)$$

$$\|w_a\| \leq \sqrt{2} \frac{L}{\alpha} \sqrt{\frac{1}{m}}$$

$$\dot{w}_a + \alpha w_a = -\dot{u}_{eq}(t), w_a(0) = 0$$

$$|\dot{u}_{eq}| \leq L$$

$$\Rightarrow \|w_{ai}\| \leq \frac{L}{\alpha}, \|w_a\| \leq \sqrt{\left(\frac{L}{\alpha}\right)^2 + m \left(\frac{L}{\alpha}\right)^2} \leq \sqrt{m} \frac{L}{\alpha}$$

$$\dot{w}_b + \alpha w_b = \alpha(u(t) - u_{eq}(t)), w_b(0) = 0$$

$$w_b(t) = \alpha \int_0^t e^{-\alpha(t-s)} (u(s) - u_{eq}(s)) ds =$$

$$= \alpha e^{-\alpha t} \int_0^t e^{\alpha s} \sqrt{g^{-1}(s) \sigma^{(n)}(s)} ds =$$

איתרם

$$= \alpha e^{-\alpha t} \left[e^{\alpha s} g^{-1}(s) \sigma^{(n-1)}(s) \right]_0^t - \alpha e^{-\alpha t} \int_0^t \frac{d}{ds} (e^{\alpha s} g^{-1}(s)) \sigma^{(n-1)}(s) ds$$

$$= \alpha (g^{-1}(t) \sigma^{(n-1)}(t) - e^{-\alpha t} g^{-1}(0) \sigma^{(n-1)}(0))$$

$$- \alpha^2 e^{-\alpha t} \int_0^t e^{\alpha s} g^{-1}(s) \sigma^{(n-1)}(s) ds$$

$$+ \alpha e^{-\alpha t} \int_0^t e^{\alpha s} g^{-1}(s) \dot{g}(s) g^{-1}(s) \sigma^{(n-1)}(s) ds$$

7/6711, 7/777, 7/777, 7/777 (96)

$$gg^{-1} = I \Rightarrow \dot{g}g^{-1} + g(\dot{g}^{-1}) = I$$

$$(\dot{g}^{-1}) = -g^{-1}\dot{g}g^{-1}$$

$t \rightarrow \infty$

$$\|w_B\| \leq \alpha c \epsilon + e^{-\alpha t} c \epsilon +$$

$$+ \underbrace{\alpha c \epsilon e^{-\alpha t} \int_0^t e^{\alpha s} ds}_{\text{זו הולך ל-0}} + \underbrace{\epsilon c^2 \mathcal{D} e^{-\alpha t} \int_0^t e^{\alpha s} ds}_{\text{זו הולך ל-0}}$$

$$= 2c\alpha\epsilon + e^{-\alpha t} c\epsilon - \alpha c\epsilon e^{-\alpha t} + c^2 \mathcal{D} \epsilon - c^2 \mathcal{D} \epsilon e^{-\alpha t}$$

$$\Rightarrow \|w\| \leq e^{-\alpha t} \|w(0)\| + \frac{\sqrt{m}L}{\alpha} + c^2 \mathcal{D} \epsilon + 2c\alpha\epsilon + e^{-\alpha t} c\epsilon$$

$$\|w\| \leq \|w_{hom}\| + \|w_{inh}\| + \|w_B\|$$

$$\frac{A}{2\sqrt{m}VM}$$

$$\|w\| \leq e^{-\alpha t} (\frac{A}{2\sqrt{m}VM} + c\epsilon)$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{m}L}{\alpha} + c^2 \mathcal{D} \epsilon + 2c\alpha\epsilon$$

זו הולך ל-0

$$\alpha \epsilon \ll 1 \quad \frac{L}{\alpha} \ll 1 \quad \epsilon \ll 1$$

$\alpha = k \sqrt{\epsilon^{-1}} = k \epsilon^{-\frac{1}{2}}$, $\alpha \epsilon = k \epsilon^{\frac{1}{2}} \ll 1$

$$\alpha = k \sqrt{\epsilon^{-1}} = k \epsilon^{-\frac{1}{2}}, \quad \alpha \epsilon = k \epsilon^{\frac{1}{2}} \ll 1$$

זו הולך ל-0, $L, \epsilon \rightarrow 0$, $\alpha \epsilon \rightarrow 0$

מקרה קצות קצוות $\delta \epsilon$ τ ϵ

$$z_\tau = \frac{1}{\tau} \int_{t-\tau}^t u(s) ds$$

ד.3 קצות קצוות
|| δ || \sim ϵ

$$z_\tau(t) = \frac{1}{\tau} \int_{t-\tau}^t \left[u(s) - u_{eq}(s) + u_{eq}(s) \right] ds =$$

$\int_{t-\tau}^t u(s) - u_{eq}(s) ds$
 $\int_{t-\tau}^t u_{eq}(s) = \tau u_{eq}(s) + L \mathcal{O}(\tau) \cdot \tau$ (Lagrange)

$$= \frac{1}{\tau} \int_{t-\tau}^t g^{-1}(s) \sigma^{(r)}(s) ds + L \mathcal{O}(\tau) + u_{eq}(t)$$

$$\|z_\tau(t) - u_{eq}(t)\| \leq \frac{1}{\tau} \left\| \int_{t-\tau}^t g^{-1}(s) \sigma^{(r)}(s) ds \right\| + L \tau$$

|| g^{-1} || $\leq C$ \sim τ ϵ

$$\leq \left\| \frac{1}{\tau} g^{-1}(s) \sigma^{(r)}(s) \right\| + \frac{1}{\tau} \int_{t-\tau}^t (g^{-1}(s))' \sigma^{(r)}(s) ds + L \tau$$

$\int_{t-\tau}^t = g^{-1}(s) g'(s) g^{-1}(s)$

$$\leq C \frac{\epsilon}{\tau} + C^2 D \frac{\epsilon}{\tau} + L \tau$$

מקרה קצות קצוות

$$\frac{\epsilon}{\tau}, \epsilon \rightarrow 0 \quad \tau = k \epsilon^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

SISO HOSM control

Single-input single-output High-order SM control

$$\mathcal{X} \in \mathbb{R}^n \quad \dot{x} = a(t, x) + b(t, x)u, \quad \sigma: \mathbb{R}^{n+1} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$$

$a, b, \sigma \in C^\infty$

$$\sigma(t, x) = 0$$

rel. degree $r \in \mathbb{N}$

$$\sigma^{(r)} = h(t, x) + g(t, x)u, \quad g(t, x) \neq 0$$

$a, b, \sigma \in C^r$

ϵ $\| \delta \sigma \|$ τ ϵ δ τ

$\sigma^{(r-1)}$ \sim τ ϵ δ

$$\sigma(r) = h(t, x) + g(t, x) u, \quad \sigma, u \in \mathbb{R} \quad 78$$

$$|h| \leq C, \quad 0 < k_m \leq g \leq k_M$$

Lebesgue מדידת h, g מדידת σ

מדידת σ מדידת h, g

$$\sigma(r) \in [-C, C] + [k_m, k_M] u, \quad u = u(\sigma, \dot{\sigma}, \dots, \sigma^{(r-1)})$$

לפי σ מדידת h, g מדידת σ

$$y_0 = \sigma, y_1 = \dot{\sigma}, \dots, y_{r-1} = \sigma^{(r-1)}$$

$$\dot{y}_0 = \dot{\sigma}, \dots, \dot{y}_{r-2} = \dot{\sigma}^{(r-1)}$$

$$\dot{y}_{r-1} \in [-C, C] + [k_m, k_M] K_F[u](\sigma, \dots, \sigma^{(r-1)})$$

$$r = 0 \dots M \Rightarrow \text{כדי } \sigma \equiv 0$$

$$\sigma, \dot{\sigma}, \dots, \sigma^{(r-1)}$$

$$(\nabla \sigma, \nabla \dot{\sigma}, \dots, \nabla \sigma^{(r-1)})^T = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & \dots & 0 \\ \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ 0 & \dots & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{matrix} \nabla \sigma \\ \vdots \\ \nabla \sigma^{(r-1)} \end{matrix}$$

$$L_r = \begin{cases} \sigma = \dot{\sigma} = \dots = \sigma^{(r-1)} = 0 \end{cases}$$

L_r \Rightarrow קיים σ \Rightarrow $\sigma \equiv 0$

$$0 \in [-C, C] + [k_m, k_M] K_F[u](0) \Leftrightarrow \sigma \equiv 0$$

$$[k_m, k_M] K_F[u](0)$$

$$(\sigma, \dot{\sigma}, \dots, \sigma^{(r-1)}) = \vec{0} = 0$$

$$g(t), h(t)$$

$$\Sigma > 0$$

$$u = -\frac{(C+\epsilon)}{k_m} \text{sign} \sigma$$

$$\Rightarrow [-\epsilon, \epsilon] \subset [-C, C] + [k_m, k_M] K_F[u](0)$$

$$\frac{1}{k_m} [-C+\epsilon, C+\epsilon]$$

79. $f: \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^2, u \in \mathbb{R}^2 \Rightarrow \dot{\sigma} = g(t)h(t)u, c > 0$ (1) $\delta < \epsilon$

$0 = \sigma(t) \in h(t) + g(t)u(0) \Leftrightarrow f: \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^2$

$h \neq \int_c c \neq -k_m g(0), g = k_m \wedge \sigma(0)$

$\int' \text{and } \kappa \delta \quad \delta \geq 0 \Leftrightarrow$
 $-d \cdot \sigma$

$u = \alpha \text{ sign } \sigma \quad | > \delta$
 $r = SM \quad \text{and } \alpha \text{ and } \delta$
 $\text{and } \delta \quad \text{and } \delta \quad \text{and } \delta \quad \text{and } \delta$

(Anosov, 1958) $\sigma \in \mathbb{R}^n$

$\ddot{\sigma} + \beta \dot{\sigma} + \alpha \text{ sign } \sigma = 0 \quad A \leq \Leftrightarrow \alpha > 0$
 $\beta > 0$

$\sigma^{(r)} + \beta_1 \sigma^{(r-1)} + \dots + \alpha \text{ sign } \sigma = 0, r > 2$
 $\alpha \neq 0 \quad \text{and } \delta \quad \text{and } \delta$
 $\in [0, c], \quad k_m k_M = 1$

$u = U_r(\sigma)$

$\sigma \rightarrow 0 \quad \text{and } \delta$

$\forall \sigma \in [-c, c] + [k_m, k_M]u \quad r=1 \quad 1$

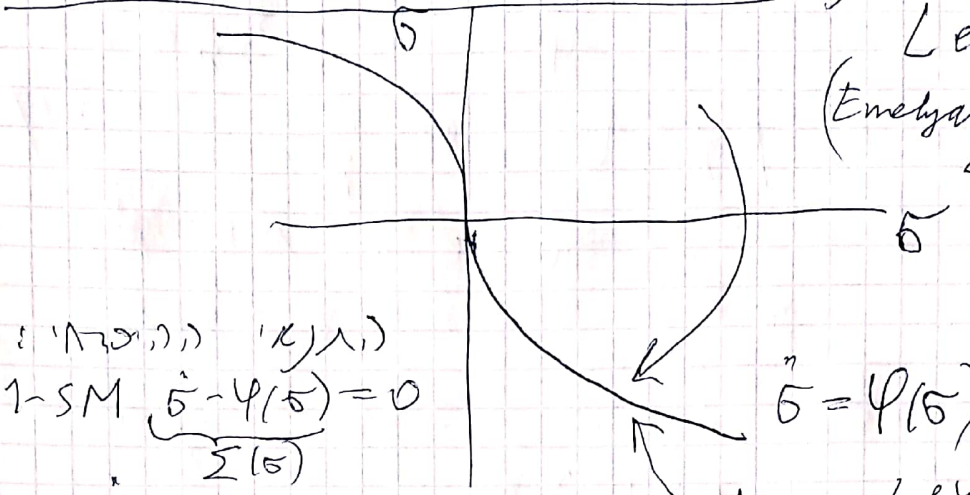
Relay control $u = -\alpha \text{ sign } \sigma, \alpha > \frac{c}{k_m}$

(Levant 1975) Twisting controller $r=2 \quad 2$

$u = -\alpha_1 \text{ sign } \sigma - \alpha_2 \text{ sign } \dot{\sigma}, \alpha_1 > \alpha_2 > 0$

$\begin{cases} k_m(\alpha_1 + \alpha_2) - c > k_M(\alpha_1 - \alpha_2) + c \\ k_m(\alpha_1 - \alpha_2) - c > 0, \alpha_1 > \alpha_2 > 0 \end{cases}$

התנאים הנתונים הם $\delta > 0$ ו- $\alpha > 0$



Levant 1986
(Emelyanov, Korovin, Levantovskii 1986)
Levant 1993

התנאים הנתונים הם $\delta > 0$ ו- $\alpha > 0$
 1-SM $\delta - \varphi(\delta) = 0$
 $\Sigma(\delta)$

$\Sigma = 0$
 $\Sigma \dot{\Sigma} \leq 0$
 $\dot{\Sigma} = \ddot{\delta} - \varphi'(\delta) \dot{\delta} = \ddot{\delta} - \varphi'(\delta) \varphi(\delta)$

$\delta = \varphi(\delta)$ FTS ODE
 $u = -\alpha \text{sign}[\delta - \varphi(\delta)]$

$\dot{\Sigma} = \ddot{\delta} - \varphi'(\delta) \dot{\delta} = \ddot{\delta} - \varphi'(\delta) \varphi(\delta)$
 $\ddot{\delta} \in [-c, c] + [k_m, k_u] \text{ sign}(\delta - \varphi(\delta))$

$\alpha k_m - c > |\varphi'(\delta) \cdot \varphi(\delta)|$: 'ק)ג)

$\varphi(\delta) = -\beta |\delta|^\rho \text{sign} \delta$: פ)ד), ה)ה)ו)

$u = -\alpha \text{sign}(\delta + \beta |\delta|^\rho \text{sign} \delta)$, $0 < \rho < 1$

$\alpha k_m - c > \beta \rho \cancel{|\delta|^\rho} = \beta \rho |\delta|^{2\rho-1} \Rightarrow \rho \geq \frac{1}{2}$

:א)ו) ד)ז) $\rho = \frac{1}{2}$ ה)ה)ו)

$\alpha k_m - c > \frac{1}{2} \beta$

התנאים הנתונים הם $\delta > 0$ ו- $\alpha > 0$

$\delta + \beta |\delta|^\rho \text{sign} \delta = 0$

התנאים הנתונים הם $\delta > 0$ ו- $\alpha > 0$
 (אסונות סיג) או צ'ן / ס'ם
 (מנהלים מנג'ס) $0 < \rho < 1$ כ'ס

Terminal SMC control (1994) 3

Mann, 1994

$$\varphi(t) = -\beta |\dot{\sigma}|^p \text{sign} \dot{\sigma}$$

$\varphi = \beta \dot{\sigma}^p$, $p \geq 1.5$ $p, q \in \mathbb{N}$, $\rho = \frac{p}{q}$ $\rightarrow \Gamma \cap \mathbb{N}$

$u = -\alpha \text{sign} \Sigma$, $\Sigma = \ddot{\sigma} + \beta |\dot{\sigma}|^p \text{sign} \dot{\sigma} \rightarrow 0$ $\ddot{\sigma} \sim \rho \dot{\sigma}^{p-1} \ddot{\sigma}$
 $\dots V = \Sigma^2$ $\dot{V} = 2 \Sigma \dot{\Sigma}$

$$\dot{\Sigma} = \left(\ddot{\sigma} + \beta \rho |\dot{\sigma}|^{p-1} \dot{\sigma} \right) \dot{\sigma}$$

$$-\alpha K_m - C + \beta \rho |\dot{\sigma}|^{p-1} \dot{\sigma} \begin{cases} < 0 & \Sigma > 0 \\ > 0 & \Sigma < 0 \end{cases}$$

$\alpha > \frac{C}{K_m}$, $\alpha = \alpha(\dot{\sigma}, \ddot{\sigma}) \begin{cases} > \frac{C}{K_m} + \frac{1}{K_m} \beta \rho |\dot{\sigma}|^{p-1} \dot{\sigma} \\ < \frac{C}{K_m} + \frac{1}{K_m} \beta \rho |\dot{\sigma}|^{p-1} \dot{\sigma} \end{cases}$
 $\ddot{\sigma} > \ddot{\sigma} = 0$

$$\left(|\dot{\sigma}|^p \text{sign} \dot{\sigma} \right) \frac{1}{\beta |\dot{\sigma}|^{p-1} \text{sign} \dot{\sigma}} \cdot \beta \rho \dot{\sigma} \cdot \text{sign} \dot{\sigma} = \rho |\dot{\sigma}| \dot{\sigma}$$

Non-singular terminal SMC (Mann Yu, 2005)

$\rho = \frac{p}{q}$, $0.4 < \rho < 1$, $p \geq 2.5$ $q \in \mathbb{N}$

$$u = -\alpha(\dot{\sigma}, \ddot{\sigma}) \left(\dot{\sigma}^{\frac{q}{p}} + \beta \dot{\sigma}^{\frac{p}{q}} \right)$$

$\alpha = \text{const}$ $\rightarrow \Gamma \cap \mathbb{R} > 0 \in \mathbb{N}$ $\rho \in \mathbb{N}$

$$\dot{\Sigma} = \ddot{\sigma}^{\frac{q}{p}} + \beta \rho \dot{\sigma}^{\frac{p}{q}} \dot{\sigma} \quad \text{sign} \dot{\Sigma} > 0$$

$\Leftrightarrow \dot{\sigma} + \beta |\dot{\sigma}|^{\rho} \text{sign} \dot{\sigma} > 0$

$$u = -\alpha_{\text{term}} \left(|\dot{\sigma}|^{\frac{1}{\rho}} \text{sign} \dot{\sigma} + \beta \dot{\sigma} \right) \quad \frac{1}{2} \leq \rho < 1$$

$$\dot{\Sigma} = \frac{1}{\rho} |\dot{\sigma}|^{\frac{1}{\rho}-1} \ddot{\sigma} + \beta \dot{\sigma} \quad \ddot{\sigma} \sim K_m \alpha - C > \rho |\dot{\sigma}|^{\frac{1}{\rho}-1} \dot{\sigma}$$

! Chattering $\alpha, \beta, \gamma, \delta$ $\gamma=1$ $\alpha, \beta, \gamma, \delta$ 82

$$\ddot{\sigma} = h(t, x) + g(t, x)u$$

$$|h| \leq h_M$$

$$u = u_1 + u_2$$

$$|u| \leq U_M \Rightarrow$$

$$|g| \leq g_M$$

$$\ddot{u}_1 = \begin{cases} -u, & |u| > U_M \\ \alpha \operatorname{sign} \sigma, & |u| \leq U_M \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow \dot{u}_{eq} = -\frac{hg - \dot{g}h}{g^2} \quad \text{p101}$$

$$u_2 = -\beta \sigma^\rho \operatorname{sign} \sigma$$

$$U_M > |u_{eq}| \approx \frac{c}{k_M}$$

$|u| < U_M$ α β ρ σ^ρ $\operatorname{sign} \sigma$ \Rightarrow $\sigma \rightarrow 0$ \Rightarrow $\dot{\sigma} \rightarrow 0$

$$\ddot{u} = \ddot{u}_1 + \ddot{u}_2 = -u - \beta \rho |\sigma|^{\rho-1} \dot{\sigma} =$$

$$= -u - \beta \rho |\sigma|^{\rho-1} g(u - u_{eq}), \quad \operatorname{sign} u = \operatorname{sign}(u - u_{eq})$$

$$\Rightarrow \ddot{\sigma} \in \left[-h_M + g_M \left(\hat{c} = \sup_{|u| \leq U_M} |h'_x + h'_x(at+bu) + g'_x + g'_x(at+bu)| \right) U_M \geq |u_{eq}| \right] \Rightarrow \frac{c}{k_M} \Rightarrow \frac{c}{k_M} \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$\ddot{\sigma} \in \hat{c}_M [-1, 1] + \left[\frac{c}{k_M}, \frac{c}{k_M} \right] (\alpha \operatorname{sign} \sigma + \beta \rho |\sigma|^{\rho-1} \dot{\sigma}) \quad \text{Levant 1993}$$

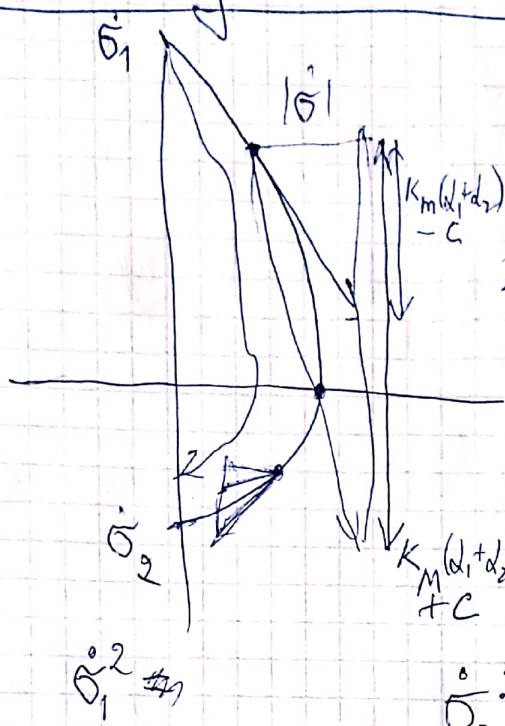
$\alpha > 0, \beta > 0, \rho > 0, \sigma \rightarrow 0 \Rightarrow \dot{\sigma} \rightarrow 0 \Leftrightarrow 0 < \rho \leq \frac{1}{2} \quad .1$

exponentially $\sigma, \dot{\sigma} \rightarrow 0 \Leftrightarrow u_2 = u \Leftrightarrow \rho = 1 \quad .2$

$\rho \in (\frac{1}{2}, 1) \quad .3$ Moreno ~2010

Twisting controller

11/2/18



$$\ddot{\sigma} = -\alpha$$

$$\dot{\sigma} \ddot{\sigma} = -\alpha \dot{\sigma}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \frac{d}{dt} \dot{\sigma}^2 = -\alpha \dot{\sigma}$$

$$\dot{\sigma}^2 + 2\alpha \sigma = \text{const}$$

$$\ddot{\sigma} \in [-C, C] + [K_M, K_M] u$$

$$u = -\alpha_1 \text{sign} \sigma - \alpha_2 \text{sign} \dot{\sigma}$$

$$\alpha_1 > \alpha_2 > 0$$

$$2 \frac{\dot{\sigma}_1^2}{[K_M(\alpha_1 + \alpha_2) - C]} = \frac{\dot{\sigma}_2^2}{2 [K_M(\alpha_1 - \alpha_2) + C]}$$

NO) > NO) > NO)

$$\left| \frac{\dot{\sigma}_2}{\dot{\sigma}_1} \right| = \sqrt{\frac{K_M(\alpha_1 - \alpha_2) + C}{K_M(\alpha_1 + \alpha_2) - C}} = q < 1$$

NO) > NO) > NO)

$$T \leq \sum T_i \leq \sum \frac{|\dot{\sigma}_i|}{K_M(\alpha_1 - \alpha_2) - C} \leq \frac{\sigma_0}{K_M(\alpha_1 - \alpha_2) - C} \sum_{i=0}^{\infty} q^i < \infty$$

Dynamic Extension

הערה

$$\dot{\sigma}^{(r)} = h(t, x) + g(t, x)u \quad \text{הערה } \delta \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$\dot{x} = a(t, x) + b(t, x)u \quad \text{כאשר } \delta \in \mathbb{R}$$

מכאן $|h| \leq C, g \in [k_m, k_M], k_m > 0$

$$u = U_{\delta}(\sigma, \dots, \sigma^{(r)})$$

chatteriness \Leftrightarrow קיים $\epsilon > 0$ כך שכל $e \in \mathbb{R}^n$ ו- $\delta > 0$ קיים u כזה ש- $\|e\| < \delta$ ו- $\|u\| > \epsilon$

rel. degree \rightarrow ההפרש בין המדרגים: $r = 1 - \hat{a}$

$$\hat{h}(t, x, u)$$

$$\dot{\sigma}^{(r+1)} = \left[\begin{matrix} h'_t + h'_x(a + bu) + (g'_t + g'_x(a + bu))u + g \dot{u} \end{matrix} \right]$$

אם נניח δ קטן מספיק אז ההערה היא δ קטן מספיק

$$u = U_{r+1}(\sigma, \dot{\sigma}, \dots, \sigma^{(r)})$$

ההערה היא δ קטן מספיק

הפרק: δ קטן מספיק. כל δ קטן מספיק

$$\dot{\sigma} = h + gu \quad \text{כאשר } r = 1 - \delta$$

$$u_{eq}(t, x) = -\frac{h(t, x)}{g(t, x)}$$

$$|u_{eq}| \leq C/k_m < U_M \quad \text{כאשר}$$

$$\dot{u} = \begin{cases} -u & |u| > U_M \\ U_{r+1}(\sigma, \dot{\sigma}, \dots, \sigma^{(r)}), & |u| \leq U_M \end{cases}$$

$$|u| \leq U_M \Rightarrow u U_{r+1} < 0 \quad \text{אם}$$

$$|\hat{h}| \leq \hat{C}$$

$$\ddot{\sigma} \in [-\hat{C}, \hat{C}] + [k_m, k_M] \dot{u}$$

~~כאשר~~

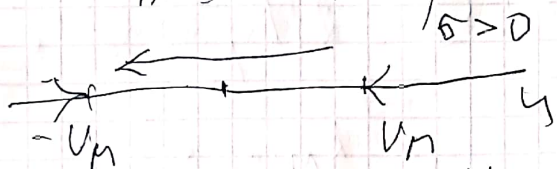
Twisting controller chattering

$$\ddot{u} = \begin{cases} -u, & |u| \geq U_M, & U_M > \frac{c}{k_m} \\ -d_1 \text{Sign} \dot{\sigma} + d_2 \text{Sign} \sigma, & |u| < U_M \\ \end{cases}$$

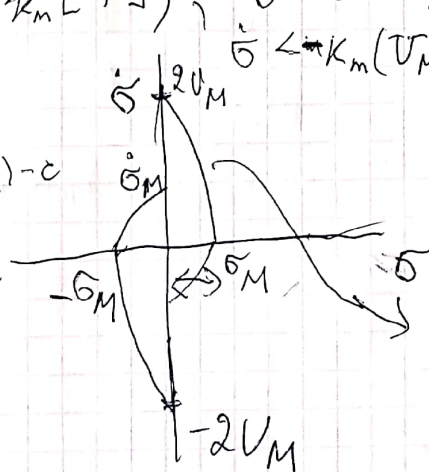
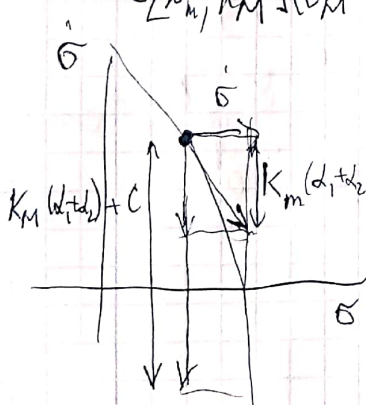
$d_1 > d_2 > 0$

כאשר $|\dot{\sigma}| < U_M$

כאשר $\dot{\sigma} = 0$ נקודת נצח (צמד)



$\ddot{\sigma} = g(u - u_{eq})$ \Rightarrow $\ddot{\sigma} < 0 \Rightarrow \dot{\sigma} = 0$ $\Rightarrow \sigma = 0$ $\Rightarrow \ddot{\sigma} < -k_m(U_M - c/k_m) < 0$

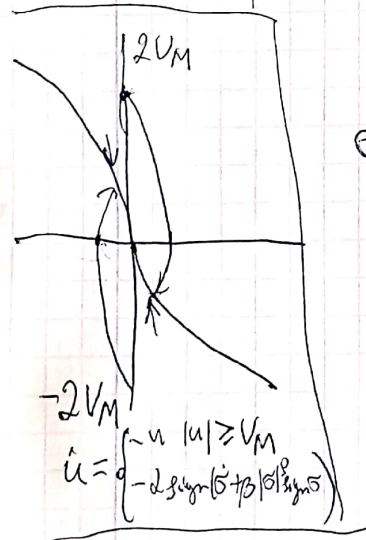


$|\dot{\sigma}| \leq 2k_m U_M$
 $(U_M + c/k_m) \leq 2U_M$
 $\ddot{\sigma} \in [c, 0] + [k_m, k_m](-d_1, -d_2)$
 $|\ddot{\sigma}| \geq -c + k_m(d_1 + d_2)$

$$\sigma_M = \frac{4U_M^2}{2(K_m(d_1 + d_2) - c)}$$

$$\dot{\sigma}_M = \frac{\sigma_M^2}{2(K_m(d_1 - d_2) + c)}$$

$K_m(d_1 + d_2) + c > K_m(d_1 + d_2) + c$



$\ddot{u} = \begin{cases} -u & |u| \geq U_M \\ -d_1 \text{Sign}(\dot{\sigma}) + d_2 \text{Sign}(\sigma) & |u| < U_M \end{cases}$

Weighted Homogeneity Theory

\mathbb{R}^n - נציג קואורדינטות מסוימות

$$\deg x_i = m_i > 0, \quad i = 1, 2, \dots, n, \quad x \in \mathbb{R}^n$$

הפעולה d_λ היא דילטציה

$$\forall \lambda > 0 \quad d_\lambda x = (\lambda^{m_1} x_1, \dots, \lambda^{m_n} x_n) \quad \text{Kawsky (1986)}$$

$$d_{\lambda_1 \lambda_2} = d_{\lambda_1} \circ d_{\lambda_2} \quad \text{Dilation (Rosier, Bocciotti)}$$

$$f: \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^k$$

q weight degree f הפונקציה

$$\forall \lambda > 0, \forall x \in \mathbb{R}^n \quad f(d_\lambda x) = \lambda^q f(x) \quad PK$$

$$m_1 = m_2 = 1$$

$$\deg(x_1^2 + x_1 x_2 + x_2^2) = 2, \quad \deg\left(x_1^3 + \frac{x_2^5}{x_1}\right) = 3$$

$$(\lambda x_1)^3 + \frac{(\lambda x_2)^5}{(\lambda x_1)^2} = \lambda^3 \left(x_1^3 + \frac{x_2^5}{x_1}\right)$$

$$m_1 = 3, m_2 = 1$$

$$\deg(x_1 + x_2^3) = 3$$

$$\lambda^3 x_1 + (\lambda x_2)^3 = \lambda^3 (x_1 + x_2^3)$$

הפעולה d_λ היא דילטציה

$$(t, x) \mapsto (\lambda^{-q} t, d_\lambda x)$$