

(Isidori)

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Dynamic Extension

$$\dot{x} = f(x) + g(x)u$$

$$y = h(x)$$

$$y, u \in \mathbb{R}^m, \quad x \in \mathbb{R}^n$$

$$x = (x, t) \in \mathbb{R}^{n+1}$$

rel. degree δ $\delta \geq 0$ $\delta \geq 1$ $\delta \geq 2$ $\delta \geq 3$ $\delta \geq 4$

$$y^{(r)} = h^{(r)} = \begin{pmatrix} h_1^{(r_1)} \\ \vdots \\ h_m^{(r_m)} \end{pmatrix} = \underbrace{\begin{pmatrix} L_f^{r_1} h_1 \\ \vdots \\ L_f^{r_m} h_m \end{pmatrix}}_{L_f^r h} + \begin{pmatrix} \Theta_1 & | & \Theta_2 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} u_1 \\ \vdots \\ u_k \\ u_{k+1} \\ \vdots \\ u_m \end{pmatrix}$$

High-Frequency Gain Matrix

rel. degree $\delta \geq 1$ $\Theta \neq 0$ $\delta \geq 1$ $\delta \geq 2$ $\delta \geq 3$ $\delta \geq 4$

u_1, \dots, u_k u_{k+1}, \dots, u_m

$\tilde{u} = (u_1, \dots, u_k, u_{k+1}, \dots, u_m)^T$

$$y^{(r+(1, \dots, 1))} = L_f^{r+(1, \dots, 1)} h + \begin{pmatrix} \Theta_1 & | & \Theta_2 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} u_1 \\ \vdots \\ u_k \\ u_{k+1} \\ \vdots \\ u_m \end{pmatrix}$$

$\Theta_2 = \Theta_2(x, u_1, \dots, u_k)$

$\det[\Theta_1, \Theta_2] \neq 0$ $\delta \geq 1$ $\delta \geq 2$ $\delta \geq 3$ $\delta \geq 4$

$\tilde{r} = (r_1+1, \dots, r_m+1)$

$$\begin{cases} \dot{x}_1 = x_2 + u_1 \\ \dot{x}_2 = \sin x_2 + x_3 - u_1 \\ \dot{x}_3 = u_2 + t \\ \dot{t} = 1 \end{cases}$$

K.N.Z.109

$$f = \begin{pmatrix} x_2 \\ \sin x_2 + x_3 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}, g = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$u = \begin{pmatrix} u_1 \\ u_2 \end{pmatrix}, x = (x_1, x_2, x_3, t)^T, \dot{t} = 1$$

relative degree

rank

$$y^{(1,1)} = \begin{pmatrix} \ddot{x}_1 \\ \dot{x}_2 \end{pmatrix} = \underbrace{\begin{pmatrix} x_2 \\ \sin x_2 + x_3 \end{pmatrix}}_{L_{f^2} y} + \underbrace{\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ -1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}}_G \begin{pmatrix} u_1 \\ u_2 \end{pmatrix} \quad (*)$$

$$\det G = 0, G \neq 0$$

rel. deg. \Rightarrow rank $\Rightarrow u_1$, $\Rightarrow \dot{u}_1, 0 \Rightarrow$
 $\dot{u}_1 = \tilde{u}_1$

$$\begin{cases} \dot{x}_1 = x_2 + u_1 \\ \dot{x}_2 = \sin x_2 + x_3 - u_1 \\ \dot{x}_3 = u_2 + t \\ \dot{u}_1 = \tilde{u}_1 \\ \dot{t} = 1 \end{cases}$$

$$\tilde{f} = \begin{pmatrix} x_2 + u_1 \\ \sin x_2 + x_3 - u_1 \\ t \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}, \tilde{g} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\tilde{x} = (x_1, x_2, x_3, u_1, t)^T$$

$$y^{(2,2)} = \begin{pmatrix} \ddot{x}_1 \\ \ddot{x}_2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \sin x_2 + x_3 - u_1 + \dot{u}_1 \\ \cos x_2 (\sin x_2 + x_3 - u_1) + u_2 + t - \dot{u}_1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$y^{(2,2)} = \begin{pmatrix} \dot{x}_1 \\ \ddot{x}_2 \end{pmatrix} = \underbrace{\begin{pmatrix} \sin x_2 + x_3 - u_1 \\ \cos x_2 (\sin x_2 + x_3 - u_1) + t \end{pmatrix}}_{L_{\tilde{f}} h} + \underbrace{\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ -1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}}_{\tilde{G}} \begin{pmatrix} \tilde{u}_1 \\ u_2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\tilde{r} = (2,2), (\tilde{r}_1 = \tilde{r}_2 \Rightarrow \text{rank})$$

$$\det \tilde{G} \neq 0$$

Feed Back Back-Stepping

Chapter 14.3, Khalil Sec 10

$$\begin{cases} \dot{\xi} = f(\xi) + g(\xi)z \\ \dot{z} = u \end{cases} \quad \xi \in \mathbb{R}^n, z, u \in \mathbb{R}$$

Assume $f(0) = 0$, $g(0) \neq 0$.
 $\Rightarrow \exists V(\xi)$, smooth, $V(0) = 0$, $V(\xi) > 0$ for $\xi \neq 0$.

$$\dot{V} = \frac{\partial V}{\partial \xi}(\xi) \cdot f(\xi) \leq -\omega(\xi) \leq 0$$

Choose $z = 0$ for $\xi \neq 0$.
 For $\xi = 0$, $z = 0$ is also a solution.

$$V_1 = V(\xi) + \frac{1}{2}z^2$$

$$\begin{aligned} \dot{V}_1 &= \frac{\partial V}{\partial \xi} \cdot f + \frac{\partial V}{\partial \xi} g z + z u \\ &= \frac{\partial V}{\partial \xi} \cdot f + z \left(\frac{\partial V}{\partial \xi} g + u \right) \end{aligned}$$

$$u = -\frac{\partial V}{\partial \xi} g - z$$

$$\dot{V}_1 \leq -\omega(\xi) - z^2 \leq 0$$

$$\begin{cases} \dot{\xi} = f(\xi) + g(\xi)z \\ \dot{z} = f_1(\xi, z) + g_1(\xi, z)u \end{cases}, \quad \begin{aligned} z &= z_*(\xi), g_1(0) \neq 0 \\ \xi & \text{ is small} \end{aligned}$$

$$\xi = 0 \Rightarrow z = z_*(0) = 0$$

Assume $g_1 \neq 0$

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$$V(\xi) = \underbrace{f(\xi) + g(\xi)z_*(\xi)}_{f_0} + \underbrace{y(\xi)(z - z_*(\xi))}_{z_1}$$

$$\dot{z}_1 = (z - z_*(\xi))' = \underbrace{f_1(\xi, z)}_{\tilde{f}_1} + \underbrace{g_1(\xi, z)u}_{\tilde{g}_1} - \frac{\partial z_*(\xi)}{\partial \xi} (f(\xi) + g(\xi)z)$$

$$\dot{z}_1 = \tilde{f}_1(\xi, z_1) + \tilde{g}_1(\xi, z_1)u$$

$$V_1 = V(\xi) + \frac{1}{2} z_1^2 \quad \tilde{g}_1(\xi, z_1 + z_*(\xi))$$

$$V_1 = V(\xi) + \frac{1}{2} (z - z_*(\xi))^2$$

$$\begin{cases} \dot{\xi} = f_0(\xi) + g_0(\xi)z_1 \\ \dot{z}_1 = \tilde{f}_1(\xi, z_1) + \tilde{g}_1(\xi, z_1 + z_*(\xi))u = \tilde{u} \end{cases}$$

Recursion \rightarrow 7182N \rightarrow 720, 25

Strict Feedback form

$$\dot{x}_0 = f_0(x) + g_0(x)z_1$$

$$\dot{z}_1 = f_1(x, z_1) + g_1(x, z_1)z_2$$

$$\dot{z}_2 = f_2(x, z_1, z_2) + g_2(x, z_1, z_2)z_3$$

...

$$\dot{z}_k = f_k(x, \underbrace{z_1, \dots, z_k}_z) + g_k(x, z)u$$

$x \in \mathbb{R}^n, g_0(0) \neq 0$
 $z_1 \in \mathbb{R}, z_{1*}(\xi)$
 $z \in \mathbb{R}^k, z_1 \equiv 0$
 $g_1, g_2, \dots, g_k \neq 0$

Kokotovic, Freeman, Krstic 1990s
 Khalil

Kokotovic: Joy of feedback, 1990

(Khalil) KN 18

$$\begin{cases} \dot{x}_1 = x_1^2 - x_1^3 + x_2 \\ \dot{x}_2 = u \end{cases}$$

$$\dot{x}_1 = -x_1^3 + \underbrace{(x_2 + x_1^2)}_z \quad z=0 \Rightarrow x_1 \rightarrow 0$$

$$V = x_1^2 \quad \text{Lyapunov}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \dot{z} &= (x_2 + x_1^2)' = 2x_1 \dot{x}_1 + \dot{x}_2 = \\ &= 2x_1(x_1^2 - x_1^3 + x_2) + u \end{aligned}$$

$$V_1 = x_1^2 + \frac{1}{2} z^2 = x_1^2 + \frac{1}{2} (x_1^2 + x_2)^2 \quad \text{pos. definite, radially unbounded}$$

$$\dot{V}_1 = -2x_1^4 + z \dot{z} = -2x_1^4 + z(2x_1(x_1^2 - x_1^3 + x_2) + u)$$

$$u = -2x_1(x_1^2 - x_1^3 + x_2) - z$$

$$u = -2x_1^3 + 2x_1^4 - 2x_1x_2 - x_1^2 - x_2$$

$$\dot{V} = -2x_1^4 - z^2 = -2x_1^4 - (x_1^2 + x_2)^2 \quad \text{negative def.}$$

Lyapunov stability

$$y = x_1 \Rightarrow \text{rel. degree} = 2$$

Feedback linearization

relative degree

$$\dot{x}_1 = \underbrace{(2x_1 - 3x_1^2)(x_1^2 - x_1^3 + x_2)}_{\varphi(x)} + u$$

relative degree

$$\left. \begin{aligned} \text{deg } x_1 &= 3 \\ \text{deg } \dot{x}_1 &= 2 \\ \text{deg } \ddot{x}_1 &= \text{deg } u = 1 \end{aligned} \right\} \Rightarrow$$

$$u = -\varphi(x) - x_1^{\frac{1}{3}} - |\dot{x}_1|^{\frac{1}{2}} \text{sign } \dot{x}_1$$

relative degree

$$\left. \begin{aligned} \text{deg } x_1 &= 1 \\ \text{deg } \dot{x}_1 &= 2 \\ \text{deg } \ddot{x}_1 &= 3 = \text{deg } u \end{aligned} \right\} \Rightarrow$$

$$u = -\varphi(x) - x_1^3 - |\dot{x}_1|^{\frac{3}{2}} \text{sign } \dot{x}_1$$

relative degree

Fixed-Time

~ 137 / NS

$t=0$ ~ 137 / NS
 נניח שהמערכת נמצאת במצב $x(0) = x_0$

$$u = -\varphi(x) + \begin{cases} -x_1^{\frac{1}{3}} - |\dot{x}_1|^{\frac{1}{2}} \text{sign} \dot{x}_1, & t \in [0, 1] \\ -x_1^{\frac{3}{2}} - |\dot{x}_1|^{\frac{3}{2}} \text{sign} \dot{x}_1, & t \in [1, 10] \end{cases}$$

0-8 ~ 137 / NS גורם \rightarrow 10) \rightarrow 8 ק"מ

~ 137 / NS ק"מ \rightarrow 10) \rightarrow 8 ק"מ

$$\ddot{x}_1 = -x_1^{\frac{1}{3}} - |\dot{x}_1|^{\frac{1}{2}} \text{sign} \dot{x}_1 \quad (*) \quad \left(\begin{array}{l} \text{נקודה ע"י} \\ \text{המערכת} \end{array} \right)$$

Newton killed \rightarrow $(\dot{x}_1 \rightarrow 0 \text{ ממש})$

$$-x_1^{\frac{1}{3}} = -\frac{d}{dx_1} \left(\frac{3}{4} x_1^{\frac{4}{3}} \right)$$

$$V = \frac{3}{4} x_1^{\frac{4}{3}} + \frac{1}{2} \dot{x}_1^2$$

אנרגיה קינטית

אנרגיה פוטנציאלית

$$\dot{V} = x_1^{\frac{1}{3}} \dot{x}_1 + \dot{x}_1 \ddot{x}_1 = \dot{x}_1 \left(x_1^{\frac{1}{3}} - x_1^{\frac{1}{3}} - |\dot{x}_1|^{\frac{1}{2}} \text{sign} \dot{x}_1 \right) =$$

$$\dot{V} = -|\dot{x}_1|^{\frac{3}{2}} \leq 0 \quad \dot{x}_1 \text{ sign} \dot{x}_1 = |\dot{x}_1|$$

(Lassalle) Barbalat Lemma \rightarrow $\dot{V} \leq 0 \Rightarrow \lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} V(x(t)) \geq 0$

$$\dot{V} = -|\dot{x}_1|^{\frac{3}{2}}$$

$$\left(|\dot{x}_1|^{\frac{3}{2}} \right)' = \frac{3}{2} |\dot{x}_1|^{\frac{1}{2}} \ddot{x}_1 \text{sign} \dot{x}_1$$

Barbalat $\Rightarrow \dot{V} \rightarrow 0 \Rightarrow \dot{x}_1 \rightarrow 0 \Rightarrow x_1 \rightarrow \text{const}$
 $V \rightarrow \text{const} \Rightarrow \dot{x}_1 \rightarrow 0$

$$\ddot{x} = -x_1^{\frac{1}{3}} - |\dot{x}_1|^{\frac{1}{2}} \operatorname{sign} \dot{x}_1 \quad (*)$$

$$x(t) \rightarrow \text{const}, \dot{x}_1(t) \rightarrow 0, |\ddot{x}| \leq C_{\text{const}}$$

$$\forall \epsilon_1 > \epsilon_*$$

$$\ddot{x} \rightarrow -x_1^{\frac{1}{3}} \neq 0$$

$$x_0 \neq 0 \wedge \dots$$

$$\epsilon < \frac{|x_{1*}|}{2}, |\dot{x}_1(t_1)| \leq \epsilon, |x_1(t_1) - x_{1*}| \leq \epsilon$$

$$\Rightarrow \dot{x}_1(t_1 + \Delta t) = \dot{x}_1(t_1) + \ddot{x}_1(t_1)\Delta t + o(\Delta t)$$

$$|R| \leq \frac{1}{2} C \Delta t^2$$

~~$$\dot{x}_1(t_1 + \Delta t) \geq$$~~

$$|\ddot{x}(t_1)| \geq |x_{1*}| - \epsilon - \epsilon^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$|\dot{x}_1(t_1 + \Delta t)| \geq -\epsilon + (|x_{1*}| - \epsilon)^{\frac{1}{3}} \Delta t - \frac{1}{2} C \Delta t^2$$

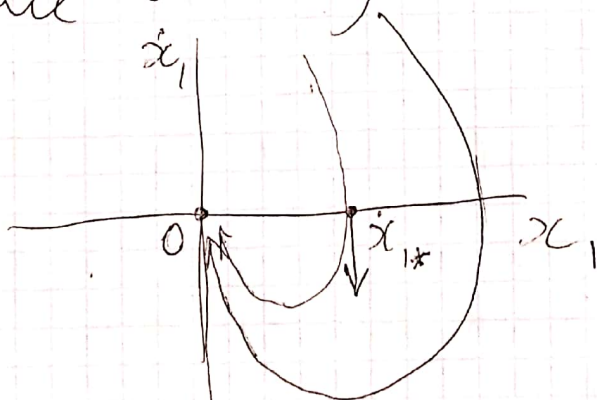
$$\Delta t = \epsilon^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$\Rightarrow |\dot{x}_1(t_1 + \Delta t)| \geq \left(\frac{1}{2}|x_{1*}|\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \epsilon^{\frac{1}{2}} + \delta(\epsilon) > \epsilon$$

$$\delta(\epsilon) = \epsilon^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

מסקנה: $x, \dot{x} \rightarrow 0$ סתירה

iii. Ljapunov



מסקנה: $x, \dot{x} \rightarrow 0$ סתירה
 מסקנה: $x, \dot{x} \rightarrow 0$ סתירה
 מסקנה: $x, \dot{x} \rightarrow 0$ סתירה

Control under Uncertainty conditions

$$\dot{x} = a(t, x) + u$$

KN 218

$$x, u \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$u = -a(t, x) - x \Rightarrow x \rightarrow 0$$

$$u = -a(t, x) - x^{\frac{1}{3}} - x^3$$

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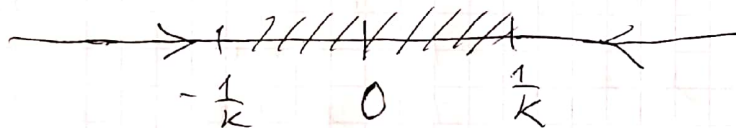
$$(|a| \leq 1 \wedge \dots)$$

High-gain control, 1

$$u = -kx, \quad k \gg 1$$

$$u = \begin{cases} -2 \operatorname{sign} x, & |kx| > 2 \\ -kx, & |kx| \leq 2 \end{cases}$$

$$|x| \geq \frac{1}{k} \Rightarrow |u| > |a| \Rightarrow \dot{x}x < 0$$



12108 1232) d S, a(t, x) = a(t), a

$$\dot{x} = a - kx$$

$$\dot{x} = -k(x - \frac{1}{k}a) \Rightarrow |x| \leq \frac{1}{k}$$

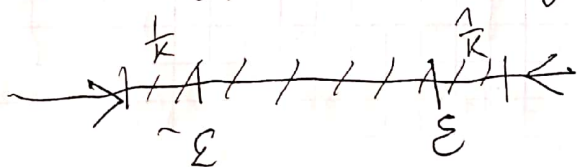
$$\boxed{|x(t)| \leq \frac{1}{k} \sup |a(t)|}$$

$$\ddot{x} = -k(\dot{x} - \frac{1}{k}\dot{a}) \Rightarrow |\dot{x}| \leq \frac{1}{k} \sup |\dot{a}|$$

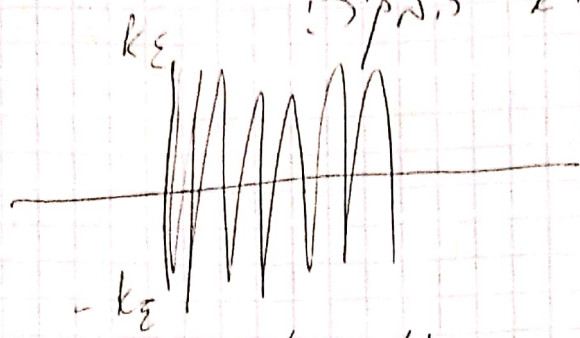
$$\hat{x} = x(t) + \eta(t), \quad |\eta(t)| \leq \varepsilon$$

$$\dot{x} = a(t, x) - kx - k\eta(t)$$

$$\Leftarrow |x| \geq \frac{1}{k} + \varepsilon \Rightarrow \dot{x} < 0$$



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$$u = -kx - k\eta$$

$$|k\eta| \leq k\epsilon$$

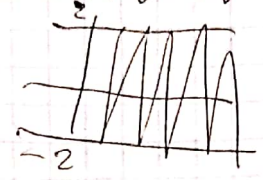
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chattering קרן נ"ס

±2 Δ u כε saturation

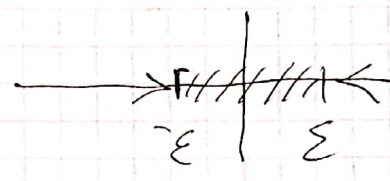


Sliding Mode Control. 2

$$\dot{u} = -2 \operatorname{sign} x$$

ה' ע"כ ה' ע"כ

$$\dot{x} = a - 2 \operatorname{sign}(x + \eta), \quad |\eta| \leq \epsilon$$



chattering
פ"פ פ"פ פ"פ פ"פ

$$a(t, x) = 1 \Rightarrow \dot{x} = 1 - 2 \operatorname{sign} x$$

ה' ע"כ ה' ע"כ

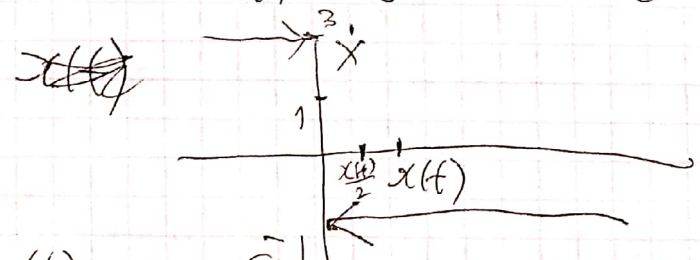
$$\dot{x} = \begin{cases} -1 & x > 0 \\ 1 & x = 0 \\ 3 & x < 0 \end{cases}$$

! Cauchy ג' ע"כ ה' ע"כ ה' ע"כ ה' ע"כ

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$$\dot{x}(0) = 1 \Rightarrow x(t) = 0 + 1 \cdot t + o(t), \quad t \approx 0$$

$$x(t) > 0 \quad \epsilon, \delta > 0 \quad t > 0 \quad \Leftarrow$$

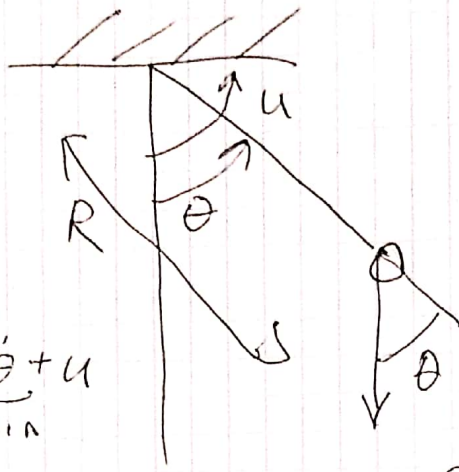


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t1, t פ"פ פ"פ 1/2 x(t) קרן נ"ס קרן נ"ס קרן נ"ס קרן נ"ס

$$\Rightarrow x(t) = \frac{1}{2} x(t) + \int_{t_1}^t \dot{x}(s) ds = \frac{1}{2} x(t) - (t - t_1) \Leftarrow x(t)$$

פונקציה של הזמן, $\theta = \theta_c(t)$
 Pendulum $\lambda \delta C / 6N$ LN 218



$\theta = \theta_c(t)$

$$mR^2\ddot{\theta} = -mgR\sin\theta - k\dot{\theta} + u$$

1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100

$$\ddot{x} = a(t, x, \dot{x}) + b(t, x, \dot{x})u$$

$|a| \leq 1, \quad b \in [1, 2]$

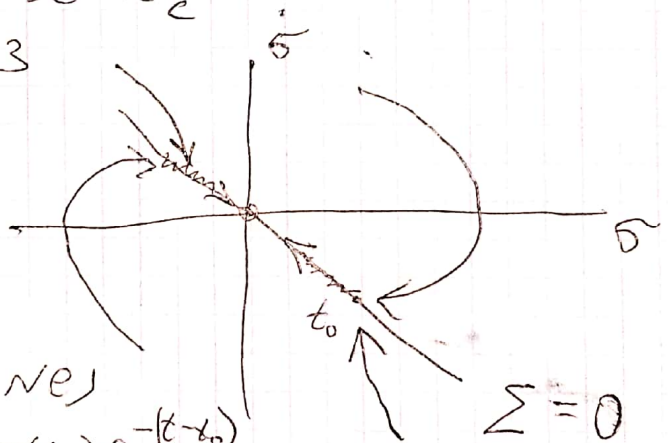
$|\ddot{x}_c| \leq 1, \quad \sigma = x - x_c \rightarrow 0$ 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100

$\Sigma = \sigma + \dot{\sigma} = (x - x_c) + (\dot{x} - \dot{x}_c)$ 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100

$\dot{\Sigma} = a + bu - \ddot{x}_c + \dot{x} - \dot{x}_c$

$|a - \ddot{x}_c - \dot{x}_c| \leq 3$

$u = -(1 + p|\dot{\Sigma}|) \text{sign} \Sigma$



$\Sigma = 0$; SM $\lambda, \gamma, \nu, \epsilon$
 $\Rightarrow \dot{\sigma} + \sigma = 0 \Rightarrow \sigma = \sigma(t_0)e^{-(t-t_0)}$
 $\dot{\sigma} = \dot{\sigma}(t_0)e^{-(t-t_0)}$

$\ddot{\sigma} = a - \ddot{x}_c + bu, \quad |a - \ddot{x}_c| \leq 2$ 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100

$u = -\frac{1}{2} \text{sign} \sigma - \frac{1}{2} \text{sign} \dot{\sigma}$

! דיון / מס' קובץ / 10) כדור

