

פונקציית פיליפוב, גע ב一线

הרצאה 11  $F(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow x_0} f(x)$

$x \in F(x)$  Filippov אוסף

$\exists K > 0: \forall x \in F(x) \subset K \|x\|_h d_{[x]}([x])$

$[x] \in [1,1]$ , גבאי  $T^n$  קובייה

כל  $x \in [1,1]$

$\|x\|_h \leq 1 \Rightarrow \text{וון } F(x) \in \mathcal{G}_h$

$F(x) \subset K \mathbb{I}^n: k > 0 \text{ ו } \|x\|_h \leq 1 \Rightarrow \text{וון } F(x) \in \mathcal{G}_h$

ל.ס.נ.  $\mathcal{G}_h$

$x_i \in \|x\|_h^{m_i} [1,1] \cdot k$   $(0, \beta/k) \cap \mathcal{G}_h$

$x_t: [-\tau, \tau] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$   $\mathcal{G}_h$

$x_t \in K \|x_t\|_h^{q_t} \mathbb{I}^n$

$B_{h\varepsilon} = \{z \in \mathbb{R}^n | \|z\|_h \leq \varepsilon\}$

$t \in [0, t_f], [0, \infty)$

$\dot{x} \in F(x(t-\tau, t) + B_{h\varepsilon})$

$x_t: \mathbb{R} \ni t \mapsto x(t),$

$t \in [0, t_f]$

$\dot{x} \in F(x(t-\tau, t) + B_{h\varepsilon}), t \leq t_f$

$\dot{x}(t) = x_t(t-t_f), t \geq t_f$

$0 \leq t - t_f \leq \tau$

לעומת הדרישה השאלה ב-GEN

AS  $x \in F(x)$

FTS  $\Leftarrow q < 0$  115

$$\dot{x} \in F(x(t-\bar{b}, \bar{t})) + B_{h\epsilon}$$

$$B_{h\epsilon} = \{x \in \mathbb{R}^n \mid \|x\|_h \leq \epsilon\}$$

תנאי התחלת כמו שהסכמנו  
או אוילר:  $x(0) \in \text{dom } F$  ו  $x(t)$  קד  $x(t)$

לנס תבונת מינימום  $\Rightarrow$   
( $\dot{x} \in F(x)$  ר' נ"מ פונק. סנד)

$$\text{פונטנו פונק. גזרן}$$

$$\|x\|_h \leq \rho, \quad \rho = \max(\bar{t}^p, \epsilon)$$

$$y \geq \int_a^b (F: \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{R}) \text{ מינימום}$$

$$KN \geq 10$$

Twisting controller

$$\ddot{\sigma} \in [-c, c] - [k_m, k_M] (\text{sign } \dot{\sigma} + \alpha_2 \text{sign } \ddot{\sigma})$$

$$\alpha_1 k_m - c > \alpha_2 k_M + c, \quad \alpha_1 - \alpha_2 > \frac{c}{k_m}$$

$$\ddot{\sigma} \in [-c, c] - [k_m, k_M] (\alpha_1 \text{sign } (\dot{\sigma}(t_k) + \dot{\eta}_k) + \alpha_2 \text{sign } (\dot{\sigma}(t_k) + \dot{\eta}_k))$$

$$\deg t=1, \deg \dot{\sigma}=2, \deg \ddot{\sigma}=1$$

$$t_{k+1} - t_k \leq T$$

$$|\dot{\eta}_k| \leq \epsilon_0, \quad |\ddot{\eta}_k| \leq \epsilon_1$$

max

$$\Rightarrow \max(|\dot{\sigma}|^{\frac{1}{2}}, |\ddot{\sigma}|) \leq (\tau, \epsilon_0^{\frac{1}{2}}, \epsilon_1)$$

$$g = \|\epsilon_0, \epsilon_1\|_h, \quad \|a, b\|_h = \max(|a|^{\frac{1}{2}}, |b|)$$

Gde  $\rightarrow$   $\wedge \wedge \rightarrow \text{ID}$

$q < 0$ , AS  $\frac{\exists i \in F(x) \text{ e sif}}{FTS} \Leftarrow$

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$\|x\| \leq 1 - \nu$  ו $|k_3| \leq$   $\nu$   $\Rightarrow$   $\int_{t-\tau}^t \|x\| \geq \int_{t-\tau}^t \nu = \nu \tau$

Op  $\tau \in \mathbb{R}$   $\forall \delta > 0$   $\exists T \mid \forall t \geq T \quad x(0) \leq \delta$

$\dot{x} \in F(x(t-\tau[0,1]) + B_{\delta})$

$t \leq T \text{ ו } k >$

$\dot{x} \in F(x(t - \min(t, t)[0, 1]) + B_{\delta})$

$\forall \delta > 0 \quad \exists T \mid \forall t \geq T \quad \|x(t)\| \leq \delta$

$B_\delta = \left\{ x \mid \|x\| \leq \delta \right\}$

$\tau_0^{\max}, \varepsilon_0 \text{ ו } G_p \text{ ו } \delta \text{ ו } \delta_0$

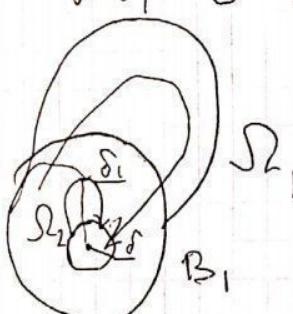
$S_0 = (T_0^{\max}, \varepsilon_0)$

$\dot{x} \in F(x(t - S_0^P[0, 1]) + B_{hS_0}) \quad (*)$

$B_S \sim (k_3 \text{ ו } \nu) \Rightarrow T \mid \forall t \geq T \quad \|x(t)\| \leq \delta_k$

$\forall \delta_1 > 0 \quad \exists \delta > 0 : |k_3| \cdot \delta \leq \delta_1$

$B_{\delta_1} \sim$



$S_1 \xrightarrow{T} S_2$

$(*) \cdot \delta \leq \delta_1 \Rightarrow \|x(t)\| \leq \delta_1 \quad S_1, S_2$

$\Rightarrow \forall t \geq T \quad \|x(t)\| \leq \delta_1 \quad \delta_1 > 0$

$(t, x_0) \mapsto (x(t), d_x x_0, \delta_1)$

$\forall t \geq T \quad \|x(t)\| \leq \delta_1$

$\dot{x} \in F(x(t - (x_0)^P[0, 1]) + B_{h(x_0)})$

$$\beta_1 > d_{\partial \Omega_2} e^{-\rho} > \alpha e^{-1} \quad \text{and} \quad \alpha$$

$\rho \delta_{\text{dr}} \cdot P_N$  SK

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$$\rightarrow d^2 \mathcal{R}_2 \xrightarrow{x^T} d \mathcal{R}_2 \xrightarrow{T} \mathcal{R}_2 \quad (***)$$

11.  $\text{deg} \angle \gamma \gamma \gamma$   $\text{g}_{\gamma \gamma \gamma}$

50, > 87.87

$$\partial \tilde{T}_0, \partial \varepsilon_0$$

Highly developed early stages of rock

$$g_0 = \max_{(T_0, \varepsilon)} \left( \frac{1}{T_0} \mathbb{E}_0 \right) \geq \mu_K - \epsilon > 0 \quad \text{for } K \in \mathbb{N}$$

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$$x_0 = s/s_0 \quad \text{and} \quad \delta = \max(t^{\frac{1}{P}}, \epsilon)$$

وَالْمُؤْمِنُونَ الْمُؤْمِنَاتُ لِلرَّحْمَةِ الْمُؤْمِنَاتُ لِلرَّحْمَةِ

$d_{\Omega_2} \approx 1.5 \text{ nm}$  150 nm 210 nm 215

$$= d_{\xi} d_{\xi^{-1}} \Omega_2$$

$$d_{S_0^{-1}} \mathcal{I}_2 \subset B_{h\mu} \quad \text{?})$$

الآن نحن في قلب المعركة

$$B_{h(\text{fug})} = d_{\mathcal{X}} B_{h(\mu)} \quad \text{for } \mu \in \mathcal{M}$$

$$\|x\|_h \leq \mu g_{S.E.W} \Leftrightarrow x \in B_{h^{\mu g}}$$

$$q = -p = 0, p = \deg t = 0 \Rightarrow P_N$$

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$\int_0^T \Gamma^{\text{non}}(t, \varepsilon_0) dt \leq C_{\Gamma} T^{1-\frac{1}{p}} \varepsilon_0^{\frac{1}{p}}$

$\dots \rightarrow d^2 \Omega_2 \rightarrow d \Omega_2 \rightarrow \Omega_2$   
 $\forall 0 < \varepsilon \leq \varepsilon_0, T \leq T_0, \delta > \delta$   
 $B_{h\varepsilon_0}$

$x(t) \in \mathcal{E}, 0 \leq t \leq T_0 \wedge \Gamma' \geq 0, \varepsilon > \delta$

$\varepsilon = 0$   
 $\exists \delta > 0$

$\|x\|_h \leq \mu \varepsilon$

$\Gamma' \geq 0, \delta > 0$

$, T \leq T_0 \wedge \Gamma' \geq 0$

$\forall \varepsilon, T \leq T_0 \text{ def } \exists T_0 > 0 \text{ gen}$

$\|x\|_h \leq \mu \varepsilon \quad \Gamma' \geq 0 \text{ non}$

$T_{\text{conv}} \leq \max(C \ln \max(x(0), \varepsilon), 0)$

$\Gamma = \deg t < 0, q > 0 \Rightarrow P_N$

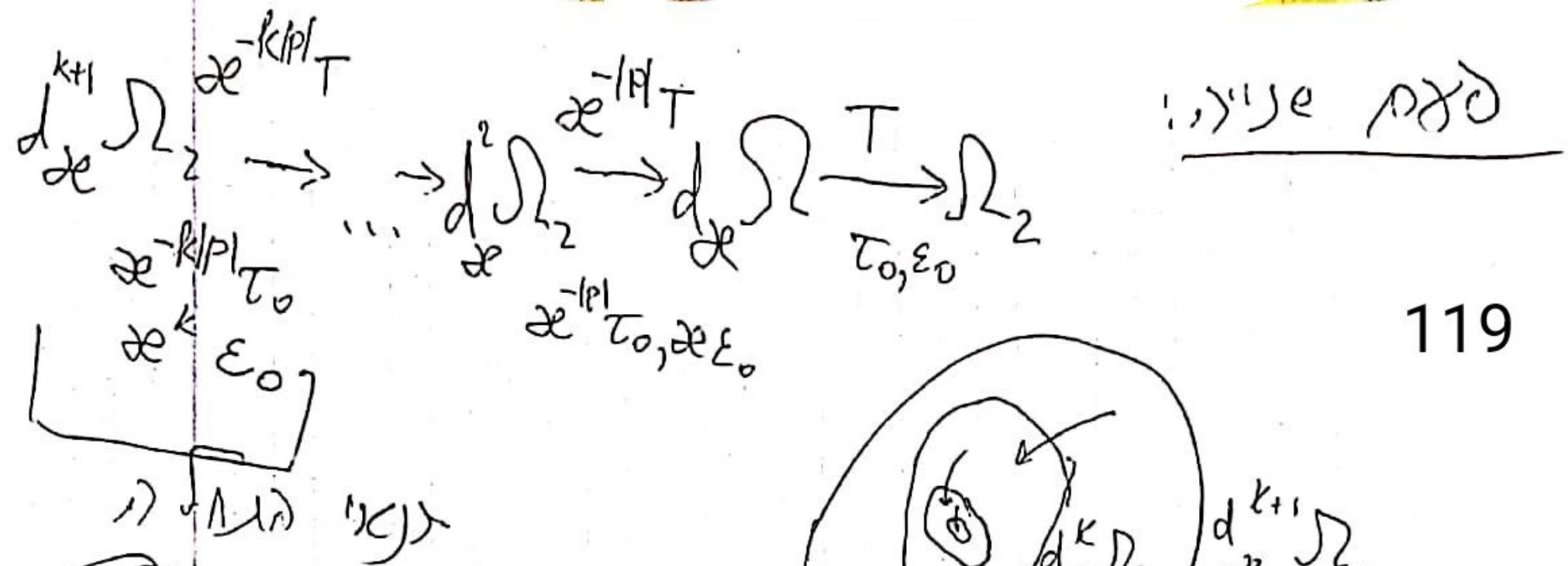
(\*\*)  $\forall \varepsilon \in (0, 1]$   
 $\varepsilon \mapsto \varepsilon^{\Gamma}, \varepsilon > 1 \Rightarrow \varepsilon^{\Gamma} < 1$  : delay  
 $\varepsilon \mapsto \varepsilon^{\Gamma}, \varepsilon > 0$  : exit

$T \leq T_0 \Rightarrow \int_0^T \Gamma^{\text{non}}(t, \varepsilon_0) dt \leq C_{\Gamma} T^{1-\frac{1}{p}} R^{\frac{1}{p}} \varepsilon_0^{\frac{1}{p}} \text{ gen}$   
 $\varepsilon \leq \varepsilon_0$   
 $\int_0^T \Gamma^{\text{non}}(t, \varepsilon) dt \leq C_{\Gamma} T^{1-\frac{1}{p}} R^{\frac{1}{p}} \varepsilon^{\frac{1}{p}}$

$\forall \varepsilon \in (0, 1] \quad \|x_h\| \leq \mu \varepsilon$

$R \leq k T \ln \frac{1}{\varepsilon} \leq \Gamma^{\text{non}} \varepsilon \leq C \ln \frac{1}{\varepsilon}$

$\Rightarrow \dots \rightarrow d \Omega_2 \rightarrow \Omega_2$   
 $d^k \Omega_2 \leq k! T^k \leq T^k \varepsilon^k$   
 $d^{-k} \varepsilon \leq \varepsilon^k$   
 $\text{more terms} \leq$



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$$T < \alpha^{-kp} T_0, \varepsilon < \alpha^k \varepsilon_0 : 10 > 1, k \geq 1$$

$\int_{\Omega_2} e^{-kp|T} \leq \varepsilon$   $\rightarrow$  1)  $\int_{\Omega_2} e^{-kp|T}$   
 $d^k \int_{\Omega_2}$   $\leq \delta$ ,  $k \geq 1$   
 (1)  $\int_{\Omega_2} e^{-kp|T} \leq \varepsilon_0$

$$\deg x = 3, \deg t = 1 \rightarrow \text{J1} > \text{J1}$$

$$\ddot{x} = -\lambda_1 [x]^{\frac{1}{3}} \left( -\lambda_2 [\dot{x}]^{\frac{1}{2}} \right), \lambda_1, \lambda_2 > 0$$

$$\left( \ddot{x} = -\lambda_1 [x]^\alpha + \lambda_2 [\dot{x}]^\beta \text{ for } \alpha, \beta \in [0, 1] \right)$$

of 10/10 / Nf (J1 > 0) > J1 J186

$$V = \frac{\dot{x}^2}{2} + \frac{3}{4} \lambda_1 x^{\frac{4}{3}} \quad \begin{array}{l} (\text{J127) K}) \\ (\text{Nortonellen}) \end{array}$$

$$\dot{V} = \frac{2}{2} \dot{x} \ddot{x} + \lambda_1 x^{\frac{1}{3}} \cancel{\dot{x}} = \dot{x} (\ddot{x} + \lambda_1 x^{\frac{1}{3}}) = -\lambda_2 \underbrace{[\dot{x}]^{\frac{1}{2}}}_{|\dot{x}|^{\frac{1}{2}} \text{ sign } \dot{x}} \dot{x}$$

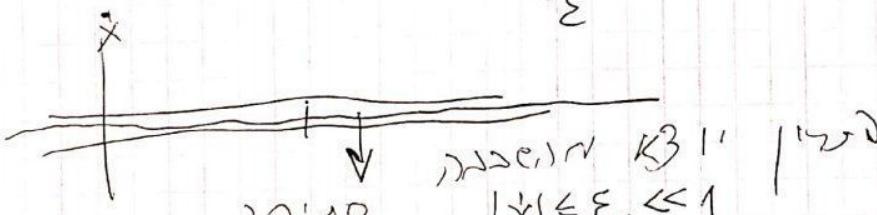
$$\dot{V} = -\lambda_2 |\dot{x}|^{\frac{3}{2}} \leq 0 \quad \text{Lassalle} \quad |\dot{x}|^{\frac{3}{2}} \text{ sign } \dot{x}$$

$$\dot{V} = -\lambda_2 \frac{3}{2} \text{ sign } \dot{x} \cdot |\dot{x}|^{\frac{1}{2}} \dot{x} \quad \begin{array}{l} (\text{J127) V} \Leftarrow \\ (\text{J101) } \dot{x}, x \Leftarrow \end{array}$$

J101 J101 J101 J101

Barbalat lemma:  $\dot{V} \rightarrow 0 \Rightarrow \dot{x} \rightarrow 0$

$\forall \epsilon > 0 \exists T > 0 \forall t \geq T \dot{V} \leq \epsilon$



$x, \dot{x} \rightarrow 0 \Leftarrow V \rightarrow 0 \Leftarrow$

FT stability ( $\Leftarrow \text{J127) J101}$ )

$$K = 0, 1, \dots$$

$$\ddot{x} = -\lambda_1 \left[ x(t - \tau_{\text{ch}}^2 t) \varepsilon_1^2 + 2 \varepsilon_2 \cos t \right]^{\frac{1}{3}}$$

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$$\varepsilon_1, \varepsilon_2, \varepsilon_3, \tau > 0$$

$$\rho = \max \left( \tau, \varepsilon_1^2, \varepsilon_2^{\frac{1}{3}}, \varepsilon_3^{\frac{1}{2}} \right)$$

$$\deg \varepsilon_1^2 = \deg t = 1, \quad \deg \varepsilon_2 = \deg x = 3$$

$$\deg \varepsilon_3 = \deg \dot{x} = 2$$

$$\ddot{x} \in -\lambda_1 \left[ x(t - \rho [0, 1]) + 2 \rho [-1, 1] \right]^{\frac{1}{3}}$$

$$= \lambda_2 \left[ \dot{x}(t - \rho [0, 1]) + \rho^2 [-1, 1] \right]^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$|x| \leq \mu_1 \rho^3$$

$$|\dot{x}| \leq \mu_2 \rho^2$$

$$\varepsilon_1 = \varepsilon_2 = \varepsilon_3 = 0 \quad \text{Gedank}$$

$$|x| \leq \mu_1 \tau^3, \quad |\dot{x}| \leq \mu_2 \tau^2$$

Twisting controller KN 219

$$\ddot{x} \in [C, C] - [k_m, k_M] (\alpha, \text{sign } \delta(t_K) + \alpha_c \text{sign } \dot{\delta}(t_K))$$

$$\alpha_1 - \alpha_2 > C/k_m, \quad (\alpha_1 + \alpha_2) k_m - C > (\alpha_1 - \alpha_2) k_M + C$$

$$\deg x = 2, \quad \deg \dot{x} = 1, \quad \deg t = 1$$

$$\Rightarrow \rho = \max(t_{K+1} - t_K) = \tau$$

$$|x| \leq \mu_1 \tau^2, \quad |\dot{x}| \leq \mu_2 \tau$$