Corrigenda

p. iii, ¶2, end of last line: ... part and parcel of the morphophonological system.

p. 3, Table: The fourth line missed one tab: /s/ is voiceless; /l/ and /y/ are "other consonants"; /a/ is a vowel. In the last line, move /?/ to the "other" rubric.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>VOICED</th>
<th>VOICELESS</th>
<th>EJECTIVE</th>
<th>OTHER CONSONANTS</th>
<th>VOWELS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>b [b]</td>
<td>p [p]</td>
<td></td>
<td>m [m], w [w]</td>
<td>u [u]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>d [d]</td>
<td>t [t]</td>
<td>n [n]</td>
<td></td>
<td>i [i]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>z [z]</td>
<td>s [s]</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>e [ø]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>s [ʃ]</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>s [tʃ]</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>g [g]</td>
<td>k [k]</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>a [a]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>r [r]</td>
<td>h [x]</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>? [ʔ; Ø]</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

p. 5, ex. 17: change PTC₁ to PTC₂ (for both forms); so also in the following: p. 11, ex. 36; p. 12, ex. 39; p. 15, exx. 74, 75 (twice); p. 16, exx. 83, 84; p. 17, ex. 100; p. 18, exx. 103, 104; p. 20, ex. 123; p. 21, ex. 131; p. 23, ex. 144; p. 24, ex. 162; p. 27, ex. 190; p. 30, ¶ above ex. 206 and ex. 206 (twice); p. 34, exx. 231, 232, 233; p. 36, exx. 247, 253; p. 39, ex. 285; p. 40, ex. 293; p. 48, ex. 345; p. 49, ex. 352; p. 50, exx. 355 (three times), 356; p. 53, exx. 367 (twice), 368; p. 55, ex. 379; p. 57, note to Table; p. 58, ¶ above ex. 395 and ex. 395; p. 59, last ¶ of § 3.3.5.4.4.1 and ex. 404; p. 61, exx. 418, 424.

p. 5, ex. 17: 'had been created' (take out "not")

p. 7, first line (cap transliteration) after cuneiform: fifth syllable from the end should be corrected to ZA (instead of ŠA).

p. 9, note 5: are pharyngalized (instead of is pharyngalized)

p. 10, ¶2, lines 1, 4: The simplification process affected only the non-emphatic phonemes, whereas /s/ probably remained affricate.

p. 10, ¶2, lines 4-5: As is clear from the examples given (ex. 32), the simplification process took place first in medial simple phonemes, and only then affected also those in initial position and when doubled.

p. 14, ¶3, line -2 (before ex. 66): (1SG and 3rd person) [not 3SG]

p. 15, §2.4.1.1, ¶ 1, lines 3-5: This change affects all a-vowels within the boundaries of a stem and further spreads across stem boundaries to affect those vowels in the person and gender morphemes that do not form the kernel of these morphemes.

p. 22, end of ¶ before 2.4.2.6.2: As for the verbal domain, morphophonemic rules of vowel shortening in prefixal environments seem valid nevertheless, with the possible exception of 1SG and 3rd person IPV verbs of roots with first vocalic radical (§2.3).

p. 23, line 1: We tend to interpret it as long.⁸
p. 23, §2.4.3.1, ¶1: A short vowel is deleted when preceded by either the string CVC or, if at word-initial position, also by the string VC and when followed by a sequence of CV:

p. 24, ¶1 following ex. 153: When long, the vowel is not deleted in masculine plural or dual nouns, as is the case at the boundary between two nouns (see above with ex. 150):

p. 25, §2.4.4.5, title: $m \rightarrow C_1^C + C_{PRON}$

p. 25, §2.4.4.5, end of ¶1: add footnote: *So also the m of the DAT pronominal suffix when coming before a CMP suffix (unattested in LOB).

p. 33, ex. 224: change arammušu to arammuṣ̌u

p. 34, middle: In the nominal predicative chain replace "subject" by "person":

$$(\text{clitic} \neq) \text{stem+person} (\{ \text{directional} \}, (\{ \text{dative-pronoun} \}, (\{ \text{completive-pronoun} \}, (+\text{clitic})$$

p. 34, last ¶: The verbal chain should represent the person prefix (for "subject") in parentheses (to cover imperative forms), and well as represent separately the gender/number suffixes:

$$(\text{clitic} \{ + \} (\text{person} +) \text{stem} (\{ \text{gender/number} \}, (\{ \text{directional} \}), (\{ \text{dative pronoun} \}, (\{ \text{completive pronoun} \}, (+\text{clitic})$$

p. 36, ex. 246: change uššab to ušṣ̌ab

p. 47, Table, 2PLF CMP and DAT pronominal suffixes: add hyphen before each: o-bina: ti o-buna: ši(m)

p. 56, ex. 390, line 2: add root: go\text{alk}~T~\text{INF}+1\text{PLATT}

p. 57, line 1, end: PFC (instead of PC)

p. 57, Table, N \{tn\} INF, PTC, \{tn\} erase n in these forms: itaprus, muttapris, itaprus.

p. 59, ¶ following ex. 404, line 3: add a length segment after i (i̱).

p. 61, ex. 417: change alladuma to u:lladu:ma

p. 116: Delete Lambert (190[sic!]) (it shows below as Nw)