Exercise No. 14: The Dirac Equation

- 1. Show the following relations where  $\gamma^0 = \beta$  and  $\gamma^i = \beta \alpha_i$ :
  - (a)  $\gamma^{\mu\dagger} = \gamma^0 \gamma^\mu \gamma^0$ ,
  - (b)  $\gamma^{\mu}\gamma^{\nu}\gamma_{\mu} = -2\gamma^{\nu}$ ,
  - (c)  $\gamma^{\mu}\gamma^{\nu}\gamma^{\lambda}\gamma_{\mu} = 4g^{\nu\lambda}$ ,
  - (d)  $\operatorname{Tr}(\gamma^{\mu}\gamma^{\nu}) = 4g^{\mu\nu},$
  - (e)  $(a_{\mu}\gamma^{\mu})(b_{\nu}\gamma^{\nu}) = a_{\mu}b^{\mu} i\sigma^{\mu\nu}a_{\mu}b_{\nu}$ , where  $a_{\mu}$  and  $b_{\mu}$  are four-vectors.
- 2. Find the transformation properties of the objects bellow under Lorentz transformations:
  - (a)  $\bar{\psi}\psi$ ,
  - (b)  $\bar{\psi}\gamma_5\psi$ ,
  - (c)  $\bar{\psi}\gamma^{\mu}\gamma_5\psi$ ,
  - (d)  $\bar{\psi}\sigma^{\mu\nu}\psi$ .
- 3. Write the Maxwell equations in the absence of charges and currents in Dirac form in terms of a six-component field amplitude. What are the matrices corresponding to  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$ ?